
 MODULE *gcd*

EXTENDS *Integers*, *TLAPS*

$$\text{Number} \triangleq \text{Nat} \setminus \{0\}$$

$$\text{Divides}(p, n) \triangleq \exists q \in \text{Int} : n = q * p$$

$$\text{DivisorsOf}(n) \triangleq \{p \in \text{Int} : \text{Divides}(p, n)\}$$

$$\text{SetMax}(S) \triangleq \text{CHOOSE } i \in S : \forall j \in S : i \geq j$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{GCD}(m, n) &\triangleq \\ &\text{SetMax}(\text{DivisorsOf}(m) \cap \text{DivisorsOf}(n)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{LEMMA } \text{Div} \triangleq \forall m, n \in \text{Number} :$$

$$\exists d \in \text{Number} :$$

$$\text{Divides}(d, m) \text{Divides}(d, n) \Rightarrow \text{Divides}(d, m + n)$$

$\langle 1 \rangle$ SUFFICES ASSUME NEW $m \in \text{Number}$,

$$\text{NEW } n \in \text{Number},$$

$$\text{NEW } d \in \text{Int},$$

$$\text{Divides}(d, m),$$

$$\text{Divides}(d, n)$$

$$\text{PROVE } \text{Divides}(d, m) \text{Divides}(d, n) \Rightarrow \text{Divides}(d, m + n)$$

$\langle 1 \rangle 1.$ PICK $q \in \text{Number} : m = q * d$

BY DEF *Divides*

$\langle 1 \rangle$ QED

THEOREM $\text{GCD1} \triangleq \forall m \in \text{Nat} \setminus \{0\} : \text{GCD}(m, m) = m$

$\langle 1 \rangle$ SUFFICES ASSUME NEW $m \in \text{Nat} \setminus \{0\}$

$$\text{PROVE } \text{GCD}(m, m) = m$$

OBVIOUS

$\langle 1 \rangle 1.$ *Divides*(m, m)

BY DEF *Divides*

$\langle 1 \rangle 2.$ $\forall i \in \text{Nat} : \text{Divides}(i, m) \Rightarrow (i \leq m)$

BY DEF *Divides*

$\langle 1 \rangle$ QED

BY $\langle 1 \rangle 1, \langle 1 \rangle 2$ DEF *GCD*, *SetMax*, *DivisorsOf*, *Divides*

THEOREM $\text{GCD2} \triangleq \forall m, n \in \text{Number} : \text{GCD}(m, n) = \text{GCD}(n, m)$

BY DEF *GCD*, *SetMax*, *DivisorsOf*, *Divides*

THEOREM $\text{GCD3} \triangleq \forall m, n \in \text{Number} : (n > m) \Rightarrow (\text{GCD}(m, n) = \text{GCD}(m, n - m))$

$\langle 1 \rangle$ SUFFICES ASSUME NEW $m \in \text{Number}$, NEW $n \in \text{Number}$,

$$n > m$$

$$\text{PROVE } \text{GCD}(m, n) = \text{GCD}(m, n - m)$$

OBVIOUS

$\langle 1 \rangle \forall i \in \text{Int} : \text{Divides}(i, m) \wedge \text{Divides}(i, n)$

$\equiv Divides(i, m) \wedge Divides(i, n - m)$
BY DEF *Divides*
 $\langle 1 \rangle$ QED
BY DEF *GCD*, *SetMax*, *DivisorsOf*, *Divides*

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